这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者带患有自闭症的儿子安德鲁去鞋店购物，让安德鲁通过字母板进行交流的故事。

"Years ago, we discovered that Andrew could communicate more than just his basic needs via a letter board. He can point to the letters and spell out words, statements, thoughts.（几年前，我们发现安德鲁可以通过留言板传达的不仅仅是他的基本需求。他可以指着字母拼写单词、陈述和表达想法。）

"One of the clerks, a man about my age, speaks up: "Um, can I ask you．．．what is that? Because I have a brother-in-law ... and he doesn't talk."（其中一个店员，一个和我同龄的男人，说道："嗯，我能问你吗。那是什么？因为我有一个内兄。而且他不说话。）

本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要讲述了艺术家Brian Peterson如何通过肖像画帮助无家可归的人并改变他们的生活的感人故事。

"One day, Peterson was reading the book Love Does when he was disturbed by the homeless man. Inspired by the book's compassionate (有同情心的) message, Peterson made an unexpected decision: He was going to go outside and introduce himself.(一天，Peterson正在读《爱的力量》，这时他被一个流浪汉打扰了。受到书中富有同情心的信息的启发，Peterson做了一个意想不到的决定：他要出去介绍自己)"

And even though Peterson, an art school graduate, hadn't painted in about eight years, he asked if he could paint Faris's portrait(肖像). 尽管毕业于艺术学院的Peterson已经有八年没有画过画了，但他还是问能不能画一下Faris的肖像。)

这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了一种叫做马尾藻的入侵海藻对当地人们的生活产生了不好的影响，奥马尔·巴斯克斯确看到了这种海藻的潜力，在帮助清理海藻的同时，决定把所有人都认为不好的东西变成好东西，最终的结果是一种有机的、可持续的、生态友好的建筑材料诞生了并建立了公司，为有需要的人建造了低收入住房。

He watched his single mother struggle to put food on the table, and today the memory inspires him to help those in need. When an invasive seaweed called sargassum showed up on Mexico's Caribbean beaches, Omar looked past the matter of it all and saw an opportunity to help others.(他看到他的单身母亲挣扎着养家糊口，今天的记忆激励他去帮助那些需要帮助的人。当一种叫做马尾藻的入侵海藻出现在墨西哥的加勒比海海滩上时，奥马尔看到了一个帮助别人的机会)

　　"With tourism dollars at risk, officials and locals alike were eager to remove the seaweed, but only Omar saw its true potential.(由于旅游业收入面临风险，官员和当地人都急于清除海藻，但只有奥马尔看到了它的真正潜力)"

本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了A.C.Gibcnt 创造立体拼装玩具，助力儿童学习与娱乐，其发明创新深受大家喜爱并影响深远。

"When he was 12, he started a sports club for his friends and got their school to have a field day. After watching pole vault (撑杆跳), Gilbert took a cedar rail from a farmer's fence, shaped it, and began to practice. (当他12岁的时候，他为他的朋友们成立了一个体育俱乐部，并让他们的学校有一个运动会。看完撑杆跳后，吉尔伯特从一个农民的篱笆上拿了一根雪松栏杆，把它做成撑杆形状，然后开始练习。)

Gilbert won a gold medal in pole vault at the Olympic Games in 1908. By that time, he had a diploma in physical education and had nearly finished medical studies. However, he later started his first business: making and selling magic kits, with which Gilbert had amused friends and earned college money. (吉尔伯特在1908年奥运会上获得撑杆跳高金牌。那时，他已经获得了体育文凭，并且几乎完成了医学学习。然而，他后来开始了自己的第一笔生意：制作和销售魔术套件，吉尔伯特用它来娱乐朋友，并赚了大学学费。)

本文是一篇记叙文。在肯尼亚长大 Lesein Mutunkei是一名足球队员，他发起了"一球一树（Trees4Goals）运动"，每进球一次，他为球队的每一位成员种一棵树，激励其他年轻人去保护环境。到目前为止，该运动已经种植了5500棵树。

"Growing up in Kenya, Lesein Mutunkei, together with his family, always celebrated significant occasions by planting trees, which motivated him to protect the environment. (在肯尼亚长大的Lesein Mutunkei和他的家人总是通过植树来庆祝重要的节日，这促使他保护环境)

"While Lesein has received some recognition for his initiative, he sets his sights on making it a worldwide phenomenon.(虽然莱辛的倡议得到了一些认可，但他的目标是让它成为一种全球现象)"及 "This is why he wants to work with the world's biggest football federation FIFA.(这就是为什么他想与世界上最大的足球联盟国际足联合作)"